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Phrase and clause worksheet for class 8

A clause is a group of words that makes perfect sense. Each clause has a theme and a verb. There are three types of clauses in English – adjective, adjective clause and noun clause. Adjective clauses are also called relative clauses. This English grammar worksheet will test your understanding of different types of clauses. Classes 8 and 9 English Grammar Tables the following sentence clauses and specify whether they are adjectives, noun clauses or adjective clauses. 1st I had a strange thing happened to me when I was 12. 2. He was barely inside the house before the kids started screaming. 3. As soon as he agreed to marry her, he became in serious doubt. 4th You can speak English more easily as times pass. 5th I do not know how we can get across the river. 6. I didn't have much time to talk to him because I was leaving for England in two hours. 7th I'm going to work all day tomorrow, so I don't have time in the store. 8. If I ever find the person who did this, I will kill him. 9. I looked real when I fell into the river. 10. He spoke so softly that we did not hear him at all. Replies 1. I had a strange thing when I was 12. (Ad for adjective time clause) 2. He was barely inside the house before the children started screaming. (Ad for adjective time clause) 3. As soon as he agreed to marry her, he became in serious doubt. (Ad for adjective time clause) 4th You can speak English more easily as times pass. (Ad for adjective time clause) 5th I do not know how we can get across the river. (Naming clause) 6. I didn't have much time to talk to him because I was leaving for England in two hours. (Ad for adjective clause reason) 7th I'm going to work all day tomorrow, so I don't have time in the store. (Ad for adjective clause reason) 8th If I ever find the person (Adverb clause condition) who did it (Adjective clause), I will kill it. 9. I looked real when I fell into the river. (Adverb time clause) 10. He spoke so softly, we didn't hear him at all. (Ad for adjective clause result) Definition of a sentence If one or more words are grammatically bound and bring out a complete meaning, it is called a sentence. For example, the Earth revolves around the Sun. The cow gives us milk. It's a hot day. Sentence types of sentences are four types of convincing or declaratory sentence These are the most common sentences. Confident sentences make a statement. Such sentences end with a term (.). For example, I went to the market yesterday. There's a lot of snow in winter. Sparrow is a beautiful bird. Interrogation statements are the ones that ask questions. Such sentences end with a question mark (?). e.g. what is your name? What time do you get up in the morning? What is the capital of India? Mandatory sentences are those that express command, prayer, and counsel. Mandatory sentences also end with a period (.). e.g. Please Clean your room. Obey your parents. The slogan Ejaculate phrases are those that express a feeling. Exclamation statements end with an exclamation point (!). For example, it's a beautiful day! What a hot day! I'm excited to watch this movie! Subject and predicate Each full sentence consists of two parts: subject and predicate. Because of the sentence, we mention a place or a thing and say something about that person or thing. Although the topic is what the sentence is about, the predicate speaks to the topic. Topic. Part of a sentence that speaks to a person or a thing is called the subject of a sentence. The object of the penalty may be a word or pronoun, or even a whole phrase or clause. Predicate Part of a sentence that speaks to a topic is called a predicate sentence. Joseph likes to play volleyball, for example. Joseph is the subject of this sentence, because the sentence speaks something to Joseph's taste. And what does it say? It says here that Joseph likes to play volleyball. So, in this example the topic is Joseph and the predicate is like to play volleyball. In order to determine the content of the sentence, first we find a verb in the sentence and ask who in the sentence? or what?. The above sentence we find first the verb, the verb here is to play. So we're going to ask who's playing first? The answer is, Joseph is playing and that's how we determined that the subject is Joseph. The horse ran. Here the verb has run, so we first ask who ran? The answer is a horse. So, the theme is the horse and the predicate is run. The car's red. Here's the verb red, so we first ask, What's red? The answer is the car. So, the theme is the car and the predicate is red. Note: The subject is usually before the sentence, but in exceptional cases it is at the end of the sentence. For example, here comes the train. The verb above is a verb to come, we first ask: What comes? The answer is a train. So, the theme is the train, and the predicate is here to come. Clause Clause clause is a group of words that have its own subject and predicate, although it does not make perfect sense. It's more of a second sentence. For example, since you're feeling good, you can go out tonight. The greasy part doesn't make a full sentence. However, since it has its own theme and predicate it is a clause on which the second clause you can go today depends on. More examples I'm waiting for you, even though I'm hungry. They do whatever they want. The phrase A at the end of a sentence makes sense, but not a complete idea called a phrase. A phrase may have verbs or verbs, but it has no subject or predicate. Humpty dumpty sat on the wall. The sun rises to the east. It's not the right way to do things. Chapter 1 practice question: substance and pre-contract are allocated in the following sentences: He's got a good memory. No man can serve two. There are many varieties of fish in the sea. The bus drove past our house. My father got a promotion. Here comes the bus. James has a good memory. A healthy body leads to common sense. The earth revolves around the Sun. It's a very cold day. Answer: Subject-He Predicate-is a good memory Subject-No man Predicate -can not serve two masters of the Subject-Sea predicate-have many varieties of fish Theme—Bus predicate-passed our house Subject-My Father Predicate -became promotion theme -Here comes Predicate -bus theme-James Predicate-is a good memory Theme-healthy body Predicate-leads to a healthy mind subject-Earth Predicate-revolves around the Sun Theme-This Predicate -on a very cold day in the Sun Issue 2: Fill in sentences with a suitable theme. East. is good for health. is money. is wealth. is one. it's a hot day. It's a big city. is the capital of Pakistan. be good. is the best doctor. Answer: Sun Milk Time Health God Today in Kolkata Islamabad borrowed from clothing nature Question 3: Fill in the sentences using a suitable predicate. Sun..... Cow..... Delhi..... Flower..... Akbar..... Bird..... Fruit..... Land..... Slope..... He..... Answer: Stories in the West. gives us milk. is the capital of India. is beautiful. was a great king. flies into the sky. is very large. spinning around the sun. has a good memory. Question 4: Define the type of sentences. What is your name? What a smart boy he is! ۞The staff is very friendly and helpful. Where do you live? Have mercy on us. Dancing is my hobby. Please be quite. All roads lead to Rome. What a shame! It's not my cup of tea. Answer: Interrogation sentence Shout sentence Convincing sentence Interrogation sentence Mandatory sentence Convincing sentence Mandatory sentence Convincing sentence Convincing sentence Convincing sentence Convincing sentence Convincing sentence . Slogan Statement Statement Fifth Question: Complete the following sentences by selecting the appropriate sentences from the box below. how to do it, my door, east, on the wall, goldA The sun rises I asked my friend to show me My mom has a chain. There came a beggar..... Humpty Dumpty sat down..... Answer: how to make it gold on the wall of my door on question six: underline the group of words that make up the clause in the sentence. People who pay their debts are trusted. We can't start when it rains. I think you made a mistake. People who get better early. I think it's his hard work that has made him successful. Answer: People who pay their debts are trustworthy. We can't start when it rains. I think you made a mistake. People who get better early. I think it's his work that has made him a success. NCERT SolutionsMamaticsScienceSocialEnglishHindiSanskritRD Sharma Sharma Sharma